







# Study questions

JICA EBM PROMOTION PROJECT 2019

## Chapter V

- What are differences between descriptive and analytical study?
- ☐ If you are to start a life-long research project on an innovative topic, how would you proceed? Please place the study designs in order: ecological study, cross-sectional study, case-control study, cohort study and intervention study.
- What are differences between prevalence and incidence?
- ☐ What do you think are the reasons behind the high "prevalence" of MS in Vietnam?

## Chapter VI

- □ Please describe internal and external validity in relation to sampling.
- ☐ Which indicator for occurrence of disease/event can you calculate from the cross-sectional study?
- ☐ Which indicator for association can you calculate from the cross-sectional study?
- □ What are the limitations and advantages of the cross-sectional study?

#### Chapter VII

- Please describe prospective and retrospective cohort.
- ☐ Which indicator for occurrence of disease/event can you calculate from the cohort study?
- Which indicator for association can you calculate from the cohort study?
- □ What are the limitations and advantages of the cohort study?

## Chapter VIII

- □ Please list different types of control selection.
- ☐ Which indicator for occurrence of disease/event can you calculate from the case-control study?
- Which indicator for association can you calculate from the case-control study?
- □ What does it mean when the indicator is 1, over 1 or under 1?
- □ What are the limitations and advantages of the case-control study?

#### Chapter IX

- □ Please define randomization, placebo and double blinding/masking.
- □ Why do you need a control group in the intervention study?
- ☐ What is intention-to-treat in the analysis of RCT data? Please describe by using the word "compliance".

## Chapter X

- Please list and explain three main summary measures.
- □ Please describe meaning of p-value and 95%CI in your own words.

# Chapter XI

- ☐ When you have BP data from residents in two cities (n=1000 in each city), which statistical test would you use and why?
- When you want to estimate fetal weight with several maternal measures, which statistical test would you use? All indicators in this study are continuous. Hint: correlation or regression (not in the chapter)
- When you want to screen for a disease with an extremely high mortality, would you select a test with a higher sensitivity or specificity? Why?
- When you want to screen for a disease which you can only diagnose by using an invasive biopsy, would you select a test with a higher sensitivity or specificity?